



Department of
Agriculture

John R. Kasich | Governor

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

State Offers Gypsy Moth Open Houses in Western Ohio

Ohio Department of Agriculture Experts to Discuss Aerial Treatments Planned for Spring

REYNOLDSBURG, Ohio (Feb. 2 2015) – Areas across Ohio are slated to receive gypsy moth aerial treatments by the Ohio Department of Agriculture in early spring to slow the spread of the destructive insect. Department staff members will host several open houses in treatment areas that will offer attendees the opportunity to speak directly with those who work with the program, learn about the pest, and view maps of treatment areas.

Citizens can also visit <http://agri.ohio.gov/divs/plant/gypsy/gypsy-index.aspx> to learn more about this pest and to view maps of the treatment areas. Those with questions who live near a treatment area in the western Ohio region will have the opportunity to talk with experts at the following open houses:

Auglaize County – Feb. 11, 6 – 8 p.m., Auglaize County Commissioner Office, 209 South Blackhoof Street, Wapakoneta, Ohio

Mecser County – Feb. 12, 6 – 8 p.m., OSU Extension Office – Mercer County, 220 West Livingston Street, Celina, Ohio

Allen County – Feb. 12, 6 – 8 p.m., Allen County Fairgrounds, 2750 Harding Highway, Lima, Ohio

Gypsy moths are invasive insects that attack more than 300 different types of trees and shrubs, with oak being the preferred species. In its caterpillar stage, the moth feeds heavily on the leaves of trees and shrubs limiting their ability to photosynthesize. A healthy tree can usually withstand only two years of defoliation before it is permanently damaged or dies.

Currently in Ohio there are 51 counties under gypsy moth quarantine, limiting the movement of regulated articles out of those counties.

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To combat this problem, the department uses different types of treatment strategies to slow the spread of gypsy moth in Ohio. Officials have three programs aimed to manage the pest, including:

- The “Suppression” program, which occurs in counties where the pest is already established. Landowner(s) must voluntarily request treatment to help suppress populations.
- The “Slow-the-Spread” program, which occurs in counties in front of the larger, advancing gypsy moth population. In these counties, officials work to detect and control isolated populations in an effort to slow the overall advancing gypsy moth infestation.
- The “Eradication” program, which occurs in non-infested areas where an isolated population occurs, often due to the movement of infested firewood or outdoor equipment. Department officials use control treatments aimed at eradication of gypsy moth from these areas.

Treatments used for gypsy moth control include:

- Mating disruption product, flakes or liquid that disrupt the male moth’s ability to locate females

The department uses different types of treatments, depending on the location and extent of infestation. All treatments require an aerial application. Mating disruption treatments will begin in mid-June. The treatments are not toxic to humans, pets, birds or fish.

Citizens who cannot attend the open houses and would like to provide official comment about the proposed treatment blocks should send correspondence to the department by February 28. Letters can be sent by e-mail to plantpest@agri.ohio.gov or by hard copy to the attention of the Gypsy Moth Program, Plant Health Division – Building 23, Ohio Department of Agriculture, 8995 E. Main St., Reynoldsburg, OH 43068.

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Note to Editor: *These gypsy moth open houses are part of 18 open houses scheduled throughout Ohio. For a complete list, call or visit www.agri.ohio.gov.*

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